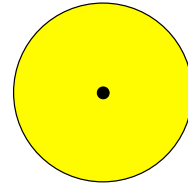


Problem 13.31

When the sun dies, it will collapse down to the size of the earth.

a.) What will its density be?

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_{\text{whiteDwarf}} &= \frac{M_{\text{sun}}}{\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi R_{\text{earth}}^3\right)} \\ &= \frac{(1.99 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg})}{\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi (6.37 \times 10^6 \text{ m})^3\right)} \\ &= 1.84 \times 10^9 \text{ kg/m}^3\end{aligned}$$



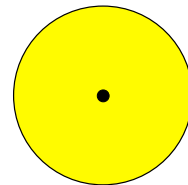
b.) What is the surface free fall acceleration?

$$\begin{aligned}a &= \frac{GM_{\text{sun}}}{R_e^2} \\ &= \frac{(6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{kg}^2)(1.99 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg})}{(6.37 \times 10^6 \text{ m})^2} \\ &= 3.27 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}^2\end{aligned}$$

1.)

c.) The potential energy of a 1.00 kg object sitting on the surface of the white dwarf?

$$\begin{aligned}U(r) &= -\frac{GmM}{R_e} \\ &= -\frac{(6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{kg}^2)(1.00 \text{ kg})(1.99 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg})}{(6.37 \times 10^6 \text{ m})} \\ &= -2.08 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}\end{aligned}$$



2.)